

Third German Advance on Warsaw Definitely Checked by Russians

where the Germans still are on the offensive and have brought up big guns. Losses in these battles have reached enormous figures in dead, wounded and prisoners, and must have been largely increased by diseases, for the men fought under dreadful climatic conditions and in the mud for which Poland is notorious.

GERMANS STILL FIGHTING FOR ST. GEORGES' HAMLET
BERLIN, December 30 (by wireless to London 3 P. M.).—The official communication given out to-day by the German War Office says:

"In the western theatre of the war we still are fighting for the hamlet of St. Georges, to the south of Nieuport, which we were compelled to evacuate owing to a surprise attack.

"Storm and cold have caused damage to the positions of both sides in Flanders and in Northern France.

"On the rest of the front the day passed quietly.

"In East Prussia the Russian cavalry was driven back in the direction of Pilkallen (four miles from the Russian frontier and south of the Niemen River.)

"In Poland, on the right bank of the Vistula the situation remains unchanged. On the western bank of the Vistula the offensive to the east of the tributary Baura continues. For the rest, fighting to the east of the Rawa branch continues as well as at Inowolodz and in the region to the southwest of this place.

"Reports from outside sources give the impression that Lowicz and Skiernewice are not in our possession. We captured these places more than six days ago. Skiernewice is situated far behind our front.

FRENCH BOAT TORPEDOES
AUSTRIAN DREADNAUGHT

LONDON, December 31 (3:32 A. M.).—A Daily Mail dispatch from Venice says that a French submarine has torpedoed the Austrian Dreadnaught Viribus Units at Pola.

It is said the hull of the Dreadnaught was pierced, but that she reached dock.

The Viribus Units is of 20,000 tons displacement and has a complement of 1,000 men. She is one of the biggest ships of the Austrian navy.

A London newspaper dispatch from Venice in September said one side of the Viribus Units had been badly damaged in a fight in the Adriatic, but that the ship escaped her pursuers.

FRANCE CLAIMS SLIGHT GAINS NEAR NIEUPORT

PARIS, December 30 (2:30 P. M.).—France claims slight gains near Nieuport in the official announcement given out by the war department this afternoon. This communication also recites other points along the line where German attacks have been driven back.

There has been heavy bombardment at St. Georges, in the Alsine region, and on the Heights of the Meuse. The text of the communication follows:

"We have won a little territory in the Argonne, on the opposite bank, and to the north of Lombardeyde. The enemy subjected St. Georges to a violent bombardment. This is the position we are putting in a state of defense.

"We have captured a German point of support located to the southeast of Zonnebeke, on the road between Beclers and Fassebeke.

"From the Lys to the Oise there is nothing to report.

"The valley of the Aisne and in Champagne the enemy has manifested the best of activity which has been in the form of particularly violent artillery fire, to which our heavy artillery replied effectively.

"In the Argonne we have made slight gains in the region of Four De rla.

"Between the Argonne and the Oise there has been cannonading all along the front, but particularly severe along the Heights of the Meuse.

"In the Vosges the enemy delivered an attack against our positions at La Fete de Faux; this was repulsed.

"In Upper Alsace we are consolidating our positions. Our heavy artillery reduced to silence the German howitzers which were bombarding upper Ashbach.

RUSSIAN ADVANCE

VIENNA, December 30 (via London, December 31, 12:05 A. M.).—An official statement issued by the War Department to-day gives the following summary of the war situation:

"In the Carpathians our troops delivered an attack north of Usok Pass and occupied several heights. Our counterattacks to the north of Lupkov Pass (Galicia) have brought to a standstill the Russian advance.

"Further west the enemy attacked some of the passes with small forces. North of Gorlice (Galicia) northeast of Zaklikan and on the lower course of the Nida the Russian attack failed in the region to the east and southeast of Tomaszow (Poland) and our allies have made progress.

"In the Balkan war theatre all is quiet on the Serbian front. Slight attacks by the Montenegrins on Gati, near Irtovace near Trebinje (Herzegovina) have been repulsed.

SIMULTANEOUS ATTACKS OF AUSTRIANS FAILS
LEMBERG, December 30 (via London, 6:35 P. M.).—The simultaneous attack of the Austrians in Western Galicia and from the Carpathians has proved a failure. The official reports state that Austrian losses were enormous, and that the Russians have taken as many as 50,000 prisoners, including many German soldiers.

Trainloads of guns and other war booty pass daily through Lemberg.

BAD WEATHER PERSISTS
ON GREATER PART OF FRONT

PARIS, December 30 (10:35 P. M.).—The following official communication was issued by the War Office to-night:

German Aeroplanes Drop Bombs on City of Dunkirk.

LONDON, December 31 (3:38 A. M.).—Four German aeroplanes few several times over the city of Dunkirk on Wednesday dropping bombs as they went, according to the Dunkirk correspondent of the Daily Mail. Soldiers in the streets fired on the machines, and one Taube seemed to be hit, but all got safely away.

The official returns of the casualties show that fifteen persons were killed and thirty others wounded. The bombs were filled with shrapnel.

There has been a lull except in the region of Bollnow, Inowolodz and south of Malagoszcz, where fierce fighting persists.

"Taking the offensive from Bollnow, the Germans, under heavy intense fire from our guns, made an assault on Bourgade, Borjow and our trenches near Goumlne (Gombin), but our troops, by an impetuous counterattack, slaughtered with their bayonets all of the enemy except a few, who were made prisoners.

"In this engagement we captured German machine guns and inflicted enormous losses on the enemy, who brought into action successively in this region regiments from divers army corps.

"Near Inowolodz our troops took possession of German trenches south of Possade, which they entered and engaged in determined fighting.

"South of Malagoszcz an attack which the enemy delivered after a lengthy cannonading was repulsed by our artillery. Near the village of Bokkietz, the enemy captured our entrenched position, but was dislodged and destroyed by our counterattack.

"In West Galicia our troops advanced victoriously. East of Zabloczyn we stormed several fortified works of the enemy, making prisoners of forty-four officers and 1,500 soldiers and capturing eight machine guns.

"Southwest of Duka our troops dislodged the Austrians from positions which they had strongly organized. They fled in a panic.

"We have repulsed counterattacks by the enemy in the Carpathians, at Desok Pass and also new sorties by the Przemysl garrison."

JAPANESE DENY LANDING TROOPS AT VLADIVOSTOK

TOKYO, December 31 (11:26 A. M.).—The Foreign Office says reports in circulation that Japanese troops have landed at Vladivostok, or at any other place, on their way to Europe, are absolutely untrue.

OFFICIAL PRESS BUREAU GIVES OUT ITEMS

BERLIN, December 30 (by wireless via Sayville).—Items given out to-day by the official press bureau include:

"According to Paris dispatches to the Neue Zurichler Zeitung, the Union of French Women complains of lack of money and material in the hospitals for the care of the wounded. The union announces that some hospitals will be closed. The union has had charge of 430 hospitals with 30,000 beds.

"Berlin papers publish a letter written by the French commander at Richelleu, declining to hand over to German war prisoners Madrid newspapers on the ground that their war news is erroneous and that their attitude is hostile to France. The Spanish papers are considered here strictly neutral.

"Measures adopted by France and England against the import of provisions into Switzerland have been the subject of consideration by the government, which also is taking up the matter of the possible establishment of a State monopoly of the trade in corn."

TO SAVE ELECTION RECORDS

Rucker Obtains Injunction to Prevent Their Destruction.

INDIANAPOLIS, December 30.—To prevent destruction of the official records of the November 3 election and the May 5 primary in this county, Alvin J. Rucker, who will become prosecuting attorney on Friday, to-day obtained a temporary injunction against Criminal Judge J. T. Mackey, Frank P. Barker, present prosecutor, and other officials. Federal District Attorney Dailey said he expected to bring the Indiana election to the attention of the Federal grand jury, which returned indictments in the Terrell Haute case, when it reconvenes on Monday.

Mr. Rucker said, in asking for the injunction, that he had learned the records were to be destroyed.

M'ADDOOS IN FAMILY PARTY

One-Year-Old Child Holds Reception for Distinguished Grandparents.

LOS ANGELES, December 30.—Miss Nona McAdoo Martin, aged one year, held a reception here to-day for two distinguished grandparents, one of the President's grandfathers, the Secretary of the Treasury and the mother of her grandmother by marriage, President Wilson's youngest daughter.

On their arrival to-day Secretary and Mrs. McAdoo asked that no formal entertainments be given for them, but that they might spend their few hours here in a family reunion. They are on their way to San Diego for the opening of the Panama-California Exposition.

When the secretary visited last year he attended the christening of little Miss Nona, whose mother, Mrs. Charles T. Martin, is his daughter.

JUDGE KELLY IS RE-ELECTED BARACA CLASS PRESIDENT

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] BRISTOL, VA., December 30.—Although Judge Joseph L. Kelly, of this city, becomes an active member of the State Supreme Court of Appeals in February, he has been re-elected teacher of the State Street Methodist Bible class in the United States. He has agreed to continue as teacher, coming home as many Sundays in the year as may be practicable. A substitute teacher will be chosen to serve during his absence. This class has a membership in excess of 800. Its officers are: Joe D. Taylor, president; R. M. Grumley, vice-president; Walter E. Allen, treasurer; Karl Harmeling, secretary.

Helms to Train at Augusta.

PITTSBURGH, PA., December 30.—The Pittsburgh Federal League club would train for the 1915 season at Augusta, Ga. The team will leave here the first week in March.

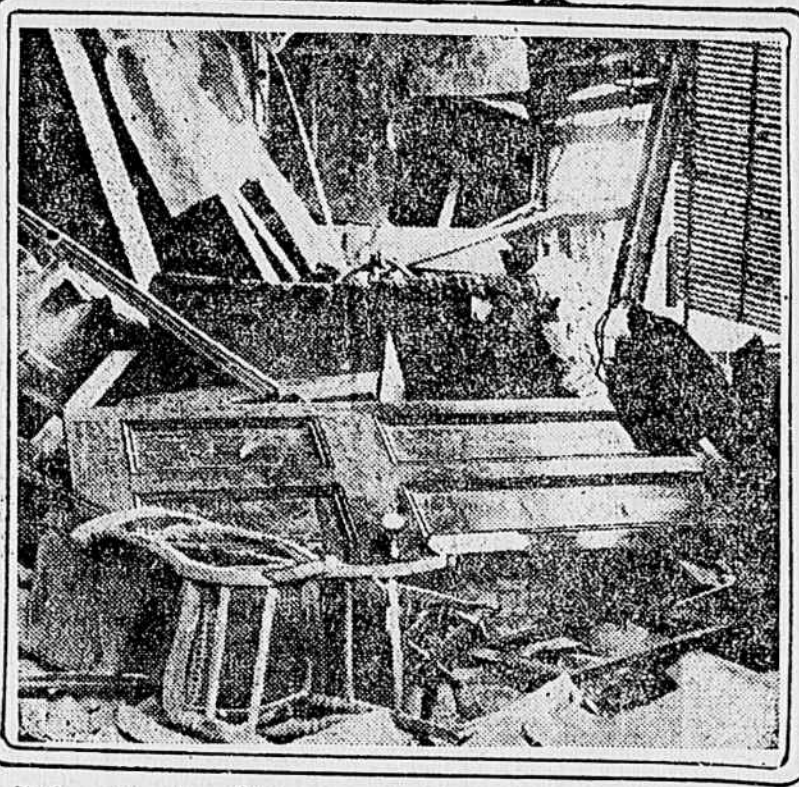
More Horses for Allies.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., December 30.—Loaded with 916 horses for use by the Allies in the European zone, the British steamer Anglo-California sailed to-night for Avonmouth, England.



Searching Ruins of Scarborough Home

First photo from Scarborough, Eng., since the bombardment of Lie famous English watering place by the Germans. Two girls, occupants of 55 Victoria Road, searching the ruins of the top story of their dwelling-house for a trace of the German bullet which entered the upper part of their dwelling into kindling wood.



Wreckage of House in Scarborough After German Bombardment

First photo showing the wreckage of a house in Wykeham Street, which was struck by one of the German shells during the bombardment of Scarborough, the famous watering place in England. In the wreckage of this house there were found the bodies of four persons, who were killed during the bombardment.

KAISER CABLES WILSON

Congratulates President on His 58th Birthday Anniversary.

WASHINGTON, December 30.—President Wilson to-night received a cablegram from Emperor William of Germany, congratulating him on his fifty-eighth birthday anniversary. King George of Great Britain is the only other ruler of a belligerent nation who has congratulated the President. Cable difficulties, it is believed, are delaying messages.

MANN FOR TARIFF BOARD

Asks for Report from Committee on Bill to Create One.

WASHINGTON, December 30.—Republican Leader Mann to-day introduced a resolution asking the Ways and Means Committee for a report on a bill to create a tariff board. The resolution sets forth that the Underwood law has "brought hard times upon the country and caused industrial depression such as has not existed since the free trade days of President Cleveland," and declares that "a revision of the tariff to be made along protective lines is sure to be had following the next annual election and information for such revision ought to be properly in advance."

U. S. PROTEST NOTE NOW IN HANDS OF BRITISH CABINET

(Continued From First Page.)

able to ease the situation for each other.

A plea for mutual good will is made by the Ball Mail Gazette, which urges that between two English-speaking nations so accustomed to frank discussion and plain dealing there is no necessity for "irritation over any apparent brusquerie in the message."

This newspaper admits that the United States is suffering considerable inconvenience, but says it is quite evident that the Germans are receiving war materials from neutral sources.

It declares, "It is the duty of the British government to check that traffic, and has done everything within its power to mitigate the inconvenience experienced by neutrals. It is prepared to go still further if the way can be pointed out."

The Evening Standard asks America to continue to recognize that the prime duty of the British navy is to see that nothing goes to Germany which can help her.

CHARACTERISTIC COMMENT APPEARS IN THE GLOBE

The comment in the Globe is characteristic of that newspaper's attitude toward American affairs.

"The American government in effect demands that we should renounce in the interest of American profits our most potent weapon against our enemy; that we should raise the blockade against the enemy's supplies," says the Globe. It contends that the American government remained silent in the face of violation of all the conventions adopted at The Hague and the "indemnities" outages inflicted on Belgium.

It continues: "The voice of the great neutral nation which seeks to be the final arbiter to civilization is raised for the first time, not on any question of higher morality, but to express impatience at the fact that the greatest war in the history of the world has interfered with the opportunities of American traders to make money out of the necessities of belligerents."

The Globe concludes its comment as follows: "There is only one possible answer to the American demand: No!"

SHIPMENT OF ALL FOOD SUPPLIES HAS CEASED

CHICAGO, December 30.—Shipment of all food supplies handled by Chicago packers to Europe has ceased completely in the last six weeks because of the seizure of meat cargoes by Great Britain.

That statement was made here to-day by Alfred Arion, attorney for the packers, who said that the seizure had been made previous to the presentation of the case to the British government.

"When the first seizure was made, six weeks ago, or thereabouts, we thought that it might be an error which could be easily adjusted, but the continuance of this practice proved that we were in error, and we have been pressing the State Department for assistance," said Mr. Arion. "Meanwhile, our commerce with Europe has been driven from the seas, and no revival seems probable until satisfactory assurances are received from London."

British Ship Sails With Cotton.

WILMINGTON, N. C., December 30.—With a cargo of 6,500 bales of cotton, valued at \$108,000, the British steamer Hermla cleared and sailed from this port to-day for Liverpool. This is the first ship flying the flag of a belligerent nation to carry a cargo direct from this port to Europe since the beginning of the war.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE

Federal Reserve Board Interprets Provision in Act.

WASHINGTON, December 30.—Comptroller of the Currency Williams to-day notified national banks that the Federal Reserve Board had drawn a regulation interpreting the provision in the act governing loans by them on real estate.

The regulation reads: "The maximum amount of loans a national bank may make in real estate under terms of the Federal reserve act, shall be limited to an amount not in excess of one-third of its time deposits at the time of making the loan, and not in excess of one-third of its average time deposits during the preceding calendar year; provided, however, that if one-third of such time deposits as of the date of making the loan or one-third of the average year deposits for the preceding calendar year shall have amounted to less than one-fourth of the capital and surplus of the bank, as of the date of the loan, then, in that event, the bank shall have authority to make loans on real estate under the terms of the act to the extent of one-fourth of the bank's capital and surplus as of the date of making the loan."

DIETZ LIFE-TERM COMMUTED

Outlaw of Cameron Dam May Be Released After Four Years.

MADISON, WIS., December 30.—The life term of John F. Dietz, the outlaw of Cameron Dam, convicted in 1911 of slaying Oscar Harp, a deputy sheriff, was commuted to twenty years to-day by Governor McGovern. Under the new law, Dietz may be released in four years. Petitions have come from every State asking for his pardon.

Dietz shot Harp when a posse of deputies was sent to his cabin on the Tarn Apple River to arrest him. The dam, he had alleged, was the property of Mrs. Dietz by virtue of a will.

The courts did not uphold this contention. When the Mississippi River Logging Company had attempted to take control of the dam, Dietz took up his rifle in its defense. He finally was captured after his cabin had been riddled by bullets.

GERMANY WILL NOT MAKE FOOD DEMANDS ON BELGIUM

To Abstain from Requisitioning While International Commission Is Sending in Supplies.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] WASHINGTON, December 30.—Germany has informed the United States that she will not make requisitions for food supplies in Belgium "while the international commission is sending in food and for a reasonable time after the last delivery."

This conclusion was obtained from Germany personally by Ambassador Gerard. In reporting the act of Germany to the State Department, Ambassador Gerard says that he, "acting not officially, but as a confidentially chairman of the Belgian Relief Commission," called with the Spanish ambassador and the Netherlands minister, on the German Under-Secretary of State, Mr. Zimmermann. That official gave the requested assurance.

Mr. Gerard's dispatch was very gratifying to the officials of the State Department. While Mr. Gerard has reported the facts very briefly, it is understood here, his argument to the German government was that requisitions for food upon a people who had not been made with equity by Germany.

The department officials are especially gratified over the guarantee that Germans will not make any requisitioning until a reasonable time after the last delivery of food.

This is interpreted to mean that Germany intends to let the Belgians recuperate.

PROTEST AT WASHINGTON BY BELGIAN MINISTER

WASHINGTON, December 30.—The Belgian Minister to-day filed with the State Department a protest against the alleged requisitioning from private parties by German military authorities in Belgium of merchandise worth about \$7,000,000 francs. He asserted that German policy meant "the ruin of industry in Belgium."

The protest sets forth that the goods were not taken for use of the German army and that consequently its seizure was in violation of the fourth Hague convention.

For the New Year, 1915

Make it a year of system. Our stocks will help you. Here you will find everything in the line of system, filing cases and cabinets, letter files, bill folders, card indexes, memo. pads, date pads, files of all kinds, loose-leaf books, ledgers, cash books, calendars, stationery, fountain pens and office supplies.

We have a very attractive showing of New Year Cards of Greeting.

LET US BE YOUR ENGRAVERS DURING 1915

Virginia Stationery Co., Inc.,

Engravers to Those Who Know.
915 East Main Street.

For New Year's 1915

"President's Pudding"

Purity's Special Holiday Dessert at the Special Price of **\$1.25** Gal.

Here's your extra good New Year's dessert WITHOUT THE FUSS AND BOTHER OF MAKING IT AT HOME! "VELVET KIND" ICE CREAM in all the regular flavors, as well as our special creation, "President's Pudding." Step to the phone and place your order now to avoid possible disappointment.

"The Velvet Kind"

"The Cream of All Ice Creams."

Order Now

These Individual Designs

Delightfully appropriate Santa Claus, Bells and Filled Stockings made of "Velvet Kind" Ice Cream, assorted designs and flavors offered for the holidays ONLY at the special price of \$1.25 dozen.

\$1.25 Dozen

Special For The Holidays

Tel. Randolph 1861. **THE PURITY CO.** Tel. Randolph 1861.

Planters National Bank

Here your Savings earn 3 Per Cent Interest, with absolute SAFETY.

Capital ... \$ 300,000 00
Surplus and Profits ... \$1,550,000 00
(Note the Proportion.)

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